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U. S. AMBASSADOR AT MEXICO CITY IS CALLED HOME

Wilson Orders to Proceed to Washington Immediately for Conference with President.
TRIP WILL TAKE WEEK'S TIME
Diplomat Will Travel on Battleship if Necessary.
CANNOT JOURNEY BY LAND
Total Interruption of Rail Traffic Makes it Impossible.
ACTION IS SIGNIFICANT

Important Announcement Regarding Attitude Toward Huerta Government is Expected to Follow His Arrival.
WASHINGTON, July 16.—President Wilson today, after an early conference with Secretary Bryan over the latest aspects of the Mexican situation presented by the inquiries of foreign powers as to the attitude of the United States, ordered Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson at Mexico City to proceed to Washington immediately for a conference.
Ambassador Wilson will hurry north on either the battleship Michigan or Louisiana from Vera Cruz if any delay would be entailed by waiting for a commercial steamer. Officials here believe that the almost total interruption of railroad traffic between Mexico and the United States will force the ambassador to make his trip by water. He is not expected here before July 23 at the earliest.

Important Announcement Coming.
It is believed in official and diplomatic circles that an important announcement of the attitude of the United States in the pending matter will follow the ambassador's conference with the president and Secretary Bryan. The president's action today, following closely the unofficial announcement that some of the foreign powers, which already have recognized the Huerta government were pressing for some indication of this government's attitude toward the continued disorders in Mexico, lends to that belief.

President Wilson has kept an open mind on the subject and is thought to feel himself bound to adhere to the policy he announced early in his administration of lending moral encouragement only to such governments in Latin America as were founded on constitutional law and practice. It is understood that he is ready to give due weight to any representations Ambassador Wilson may care to make.

The president has had the benefit of private reports from several of his personal friends who have traveled in Mexico recently, but those were unofficial and not sufficient to form the basis of formal attitude if there were to be any change in policy.

Secretary Bryan was asked if the coming of Ambassador Wilson to Washington would change his projected lecture tour. He replied:
"The newspapers might have assumed that my lecture dates would not interfere with business. Instead of assuming that they would, my lecture dates were made subject to cancellation."

Senator Fall has informally notified the foreign relations committee that he intends to ask the senate to discharge it from further consideration of his bill to repeal the neutrality statute of 1912, under which the Huerta government now is importing munitions of war, while they are denied to the constitutionalists. He will ask the senate to pass it.

Constitutionalists Are Disturbed.
DOUGLAS, Ariz., July 16.—Advices that foreign governments were bringing pressure to bear at Washington to induce the United States to interfere in Mexico created considerable apprehension among the constitutionalist government officials of Sonora today and caused them to issue a statement that the rebels throughout Mexico have always treated Americans with highest respect.

The constitutionalists' representatives on this side of the boundary said that their greatest desire was to prevent foreign intervention.
"We submitted to the temporary defeat involved in Obregon's retirement from Guaymas at the request of the foreign consuls," said one leader today.
"Huerta is losing and wants to force intervention. We do not."

Arms Well-Kept Rights.
EAGLE PASS, Tex., July 16.—Urging that the constitutionalists in Mexico be granted rights of belligerents by the United States government, Governor Carranza, their leader, wired a long protest to Washington today, against

(Continued on Page Two.)

Archdeacon Stuck Would Change Name of Mount McKinley

SEATTLE, Wash., July 16.—The Rev. Kinley, the highest peak in North America, will be given the name of "Denali," an Indian word meaning "The Great One," if Archdeacon Hudson Stuck, the Episcopal missionary, whose party was the first to reach the summit of the great peak, is able to prevail upon the National Board of Geographic Names to make the change. George F. Kilroy, an Alaskan newspaper man, who met the party at Tanana on its return from the mountain, arrived in Seattle yesterday. He said Archdeacon Stuck, who will go to New York in October to attend the general convention of the Episcopal church, would urge the change in name upon the National Geographic society, of which he is a member.

According to Kilroy, Archdeacon Stuck collapsed just before the summit was reached and was dragged to the crest by his three companions, all of whom were held together by a rope.
"Archdeacon Stuck was the fourth man on the rope," said Kilroy. "He was literally dragged to the top, where he revived after a few minutes. There was not a flag in the party and R. G. Tatum, a mission worker of Knoxville, Tenn., took his white silk handkerchief and with a red cord from a provision box and a blue handkerchief belonging to another member of the party, made an American flag, which was planted on the highest point. A cross made of a dog sled runner was carefully whittled out by Archdeacon Stuck after the summit was reached."

Parties to Divorce Suit Are to Be Held on Fraud Charge

CHICAGO, July 16.—Declaring that the divorce of William Guggenheim, the millionaire mining man, from Grace Brown Guggenheim, which in 1910 was obtained by fraud, collusion and criminal conspiracy, Judges Winds, Heard and Baldwin, sitting en banc, today instructed St. Paul's Attorney Hoyne to proceed in criminal action against the alleged parties to the fraud.

"Residents of Illinois cannot be prosecuted, because the statute of limitations precludes action," said Assistant State's Attorney Rabinowitz, "but we can proceed against the principals to the suit, who are nonresidents and therefore cannot profit by the statute of limitations."

Mrs. Guggenheim-Wahl, seeking in various suits to have the divorce declared invalid because in obtaining it she swore falsely that she was a resident of Illinois, testified that she acted on advice of counsel for her husband.
The judges today denied a motion made by St. Paul's Attorney Hoyne as a friend of the court to expunge the record of the divorce, declaring that the matter should be taken before the appellate court, which has the questions involved under consideration.

Virginia Girl Fined for Wearing Slashed Skirt on the Streets

RICHMOND, Va., July 16.—Blossom Browning paid a \$25 fine in Judge Crutchfield's court here today for wearing a slit skirt and declaring she intended to go to New York at once, "where people are not prudish." She was charged with indecent exposure. The skirt, slit knee high, and held by the police as evidence, was restored to Miss Browning on her promise to sew up the slash or not to appear again in the streets of Richmond without a petition.

Miss Browning's lawyer argued that the sale of the skirt by a licensed department store permitted her to wear it. Judge Crutchfield replied that a city license for the sale of fire arms did not authorize murder.
The justice after an inspection of the offending skirt blushing fined the defendant who paid with the retort that "Richmond was a most liberal city."

Lawyers Do Not Like Work on Jury

NEW YORK, July 16.—Twelve New York lawyers have discovered how it feels to be jurors. Sitting in the case of Max Gabel, a theatrical manager, against Mrs. Ida Gabel, an actress performing in Jewish theaters, the lawyers decided after three hours' deliberation yesterday that Gabel was entitled to a divorce. It was the first time in the history of the local courts that lawyers had served in the box. It was at Supreme Court Justice Goff's suggestion that they were drawn into the case and for the sake of novelty they waived their privileges and agreed to serve.

Considerable amusement was caused in court. Most of the lawyer-jurors took a hard in the cross examination of the witnesses and one attorney became so interested that he forgot himself and said: "I object." After being locked up in a study jury room for three hours and having to go without their supper, the lawyers also came to the verdict of "never" again on the question of serving as jurors.

Indictment Against Cox is Dismissed

CINCINNATI, O., July 16.—Judge Caldwell, in the common pleas court today, granted the motion of the defense and dismissed the case against George B. Cox, the former political leader and financier. Cox was on trial on the charge of misapplying \$11,000 of the funds of the Cincinnati Trust company.

WIND AND HAIL DAMAGE CROPS AT GREELEY, COLO.

GREELEY, Colo., July 16.—A wind and hail storm damaged crops in Weld county to an extent estimated between \$40,000 and \$50,000 yesterday. Most of the injury was to farmers living near Carey. The path of the storm seemed to be about one mile in width and five miles in length.

WAGE ISSUE NOW UP TO THE PRESIDENT

Rail Managers and Employes Ask Wilson to Name Mediators to Settle Dispute.

ALLEGED JOKER IS DISCUSSED
Labor Leaders Scrutinize Letter of the Road Bosses.

ARE WORRIED OVER MATTER
Request Conference to Learn Exact Nature of Demand.

ERIE STILL STANDS PAT
Has Not Withdrawn Its Refusal to Be Party to Arbitration—Union Insists Award Must Apply to This System.

NEW YORK, July 16.—Representatives of the eastern railroads and railroad trainmen and conductors in joint meeting here today formally ratified the agreement to settle their differences under the Newlands bill and sent a telegram to President Wilson requesting him to inform them whom he would appoint as a board of mediation and conciliation.

No announcement was made concerning the status of the Erie, which railroad recently withdrew from the proceedings, nor did either side issue a statement concerning the intention of the roads to insist that their grievances against the men be aired along with the latter's request for higher pay.

Alleged Joker Discussed.
The new phase of proceedings between eastern railroads and their trainmen and conductors, namely, whether the roads will insist on presenting their grievance against the men, while the latter argue for higher pay, was the subject of discussion today between the conference committee of railroad managers and representatives of the union. The meeting was called at the request of President Lee of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and President Harrison of the Order of Railroad Conductors.

Since agreeing to arbitration under the Newlands act, the labor leaders have been scrutinizing the railroads' letter yielding to arbitration and they are worried lest the words "submit to arbitration" contain something in the nature of a joker. To determine, if possible, just how broad a hearing the roads expect they asked for today's conference.

Erie is Still Out.
The Erie railroad had not today withdrawn its refusal to be party to arbitration.

Messrs. Lee and Garretson today insisted that the Erie abide by the findings of the arbitration board.
During the entire negotiations, from January 7 to July 7, at which time a strike vote was canvassed, says their statement, "No intimation was given to us that the Erie was not dealing in good faith. The Erie men, therefore, are justified in their contention that what ever award is rendered by arbitration on other roads must also apply to the Erie."

The committeemen of both conductors and trainmen for the Erie system are now in session in New York and will insist on the inclusion of the Erie in the proceedings. Unless the railroad agrees to arbitrate, a strike on the Erie system might be ordered.

Hangs Himself with Straps Taken from His Artificial Leg

CASTLE ROCK, Colo., July 16.—After having been arrested upon the charge of attempting to kill Miss Nellie Cross because she refused to marry him, Charles Crocillus, 27 years old, manager of the Ewing-McMillan ranch near here, committed suicide in his cell early this morning by hanging himself with a strap from his artificial leg. Immediately upon his arrest he declared to the sheriff his intention of killing himself. To prevent it, if possible, the sheriff removed the artificial leg and all instruments by which he believed Crocillus possibly could carry out his threat. The straps to the leg were left dangling from the stump of the limb.

Frisco Receivership to Be Investigated

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Formal order for investigation of the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad receivership was issued by the Interstate Commerce commission in accordance with the recent congressional resolution directing such an inquiry. No date was set for hearings, which are to be held in various cities.

Prior to the introduction of a congressional resolution the commission had decided to begin an inquiry on its own initiative into the operations of the St. Louis & San Francisco and also the Chicago & Eastern Illinois.

Agents of the commission will begin at once an examination of the books and records of the companies with a view to laying the foundation for public proceedings next autumn.

Boy Killed When Train Hits Auto

EAGLE GROVE, Ia., July 16.—Raymond Adams, 6-year-old son of N. H. Adams of Eagle Grove, was instantly killed and four other persons were injured here today when Chicago Great Western passenger train No. 16 struck an automobile. In the machine were N. H. Adams, Raymond Adams, Laraine Adams, aged 18 months; Leon Adams, aged 4 years, and John and Richard McDermott, both children.

LEGISLATOR CONVICTED OF ACCEPTING BRIBE

WEBSTER SPRINGS, W. Va., July 16.—Ruth Duff, a member of the West Virginia house of delegates, was today convicted of bribery in connection with the late United States senatorial campaign. Duff is the second member of the legislature to be found guilty.

1906—Before and After—1913



CHINA MAY BE DIVIDED

Southern Provinces Preparing to Declare Independence.

JAPANESE STIR UP STRIFE

Peking Papers Say Minister Who Commented on Yuan Chi Kai's Administration Should Be Recalled.

PEKING, July 16.—The provinces of Kiang-Si, Kiang-Su, Kwang-Si, Foo Kien, Shan-Chuen, Hu-Jian, Nan-Hwei and Kwang Tung are preparing to declare their independence and to form a southern Chinese confederacy, according to apparently universal statements current here.

Fighting continues in the province of Kiang-Si and large numbers of northern troops are proceeding there.
The attitude of the Japanese is bitterly commented on here. The Chinese believe they are stirring up strife everywhere and Japanese officers are said to be fighting on the side of the rebels. The southerners openly claim that they have received assurances of Japanese support.

Japanese Minister in Bad.
Commenting on an alleged speech by the Japanese minister designate to China, in which Yuan Chi Kai's administration was criticized, the newspapers pointedly refer to the recall of Charles R. Crane, who was appointed United States minister to China, after his speech in Chicago and intimate that similar action would be advisable in the case of Enjuro Ramaza.

Reinisch Will Go to China.
WASHINGTON, July 16.—Dr. Paul S. Reinisch, professor of political economy in the University of Wisconsin, has been selected for minister to China. Secretary Bryan, Dr. Reinisch and President Wilson had a long conference at the White House today, after which it became known that Dr. Reinisch's name would be sent to the senate, probably Friday.

Dr. Reinisch is a writer of recognized authority on oriental topics and far eastern politics. His works on those subjects have been translated into Japanese, Chinese, Spanish and German. Dr. Reinisch was born in Milwaukee in 1859, was educated in Berlin, Rome and Paris, and began college work at the University of Wisconsin in 1880. He has been active in Pan-American conferences, societies for the study of international law and historical research. He is married and lives in Madison.

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Hundred Seven in Lincoln

LINCOLN, Neb., July 16.—The highest temperature today, when the thermometer registered 107 degrees. For the last three days eastern Nebraska has sweltered in a terrific heat wave. The rising temperature today was accompanied by a scorching wind, which carried with it further damage to corn, according to reports from neighboring towns. No protrusions were reported here.

Mrs. Huntington Marries Nephew of Her First Husband

PARIS, July 16.—Mrs. Arabella D. Huntington, widow of the late Collis P. Huntington, of New York, and Henry E. Huntington, the railroad man of New York and Los Angeles, were married today at the American church in the Rue De Berri.

Collis P. Huntington, who died in August, 1900, left a fortune estimated at many millions, which he bequeathed to his wife, his adopted son, Archer M. Huntington; his nephew, Henry E. Huntington, and his adopted daughter Clara Huntington, born in Detroit, Mich., now widow of Prince Francis of Hesse-Darmstadt.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 16.—The marriage of Henry Huntington to the widow of his uncle, the late Collis P. Huntington, in Paris today caused no surprise here, where the engagement had been repeatedly reported and as often denied.

Huntington recently completed a great mansion near Pasadena and filled it with art works and is expected soon to occupy the place.
Mr. Huntington at one time controlled all of the electric railways in and about Los Angeles, but recently transferred his interests to the Southern Pacific railroad. He, however, retained a controlling interest in the Los Angeles Street Railway line.

Answer to Last Two Japanese Notes is Given to China

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The American reply to the last two Japanese notes on the California anti-land law was delivered today by Secretary Bryan to Ambassador Chinda, who at once cabled it to Tokio. As in the case of the preceding notes, the contents of the latest one were withheld from publication.

Permit for Large Power Plant Granted

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The largest water power permit ever issued by the Department of Agriculture was signed today by Secretary Houston granting rights to the Pacific Light and Power company of Los Angeles to operate power plants in the Sierra national forest. It will carry electric power 26 miles to Los Angeles and vicinity at 150,000 volts, said to be the highest commercial transmission ever attempted.

On account of the magnitude of the work and the amount of power to be disposed of, the permit allows twelve years for construction. Four power houses, two reservoirs and twenty-five miles of cement lined tunnels will be built. Under a temporary permit the company has done some work. That granted today is final.

Honeywell Third in Balloon Race

NEW YORK, July 16.—R. A. Upson, pilot of the Goodyear, John Watts of the Kansas City II and H. E. Honeywell of the Kansas City Post were officially announced by the Aero Club of America today as having won first, second and third places, respectively, in the recent balloon race from Kansas City to determine the American entrants for the international balloon race abroad next October. Upson, Watts and Honeywell will therefore be the American competitors. The distances covered in the recent race will be announced later.

REPORT OF MASSACRE TRUE

Austrian Consul General Visits City Sacked by Bulgars.

MANY PERSONS ARE CRUCIFIED

Others Are Hacked to Death or Burned Alive—Thirty Thousand Mussulmen Massacred at Doiran.

SALONIKI, July 16.—Full confirmation of the sacking and burning of the Macedonian town of Sereb by the fleeing Bulgarian troops and of the crucifixion, hacking to death or burning alive of many inhabitants has been sent to the Austro-Hungarian government by Consul General August Kral of Saloniki.

Three-fourths of the formerly flourishing town of about 30,000 inhabitants is a mass of smoking ruins, says the consul general, who has just returned here from Sereb, where he thoroughly investigated the situation.

Another horrifying story of massacre reported here today from Doiran, a town forty miles to the northwest of Saloniki. Mussulmen there have made a written declaration, countersigned by three local Bulgarian priests, that the Bulgarians slaughtered 30,000 Mussulmen who had sought refuge in Doiran from the surrounding districts.

Turks Advance on Adrianople.
CONSTANTINOPLE, July 16.—The government is determined to push forward Ottoman troops as far as the stronghold of Adrianople, captured by the Bulgarians after a prolonged siege during the recent Balkan war.

Although official circles in Constantinople are reticent on the subject, it is understood such a forward step is the deliberate plan of the government. It intends to take this bold action, not only because of the material advantages to be gained, but because of the moral effect it will have on Turkey's internal situation.

It is expected that by this means the position of the government will be strengthened and consolidated, and it is felt that even if the powers insist on bringing pressure to bear to compel the maintenance of the future frontier line between Turkey and Bulgaria from Enos on the Aegean sea to Midia on the Black sea, Turkey will yet be in a position to enforce the autonomy of the province of Thrace.

Thus far, however, the powers have not addressed any communication to the Turkish government on the subject of the advance of the Ottoman troops.

Haden Confers With Wickersham

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Thomas E. Haden, special counsel of the government in the Diggs-Cannett white slave case, against whom California Democrats, through Senator Ashurst, have protested to Attorney General McReynolds, conferred today with Assistant Attorney General Graham. Mr. Haden came to Washington from California in answer to the protest and consult the Department of Justice concerning the case. The attorney general has not yet reached a decision as to what action he might take as a result of the complaints. Mr. Haden also will discuss the situation with Senator Ashurst.

HALF MILLION USED EACH YEAR TO DEFEAT PENDING MEASURES

Mulhall Tells Senate Committee of Fund He Says Was Raised by Manufacturers' Council.

HAS NO DIRECT KNOWLEDGE
Says Postoffice Department Should Investigate Organization.

MONEY PAID HIM FROM FUND
Says Manufacturers Wanted to Control Tariff Board.

MORE ABOUT MR. WATSON
Indiana Congressman Said to Control Large Majority of Machine—Funds Needed for Mine Workers' Convention.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—A fund of \$500,000 to \$700,000 a year, raised by the National Council for Industrial Defense, an adjunct of the National Association of Manufacturers for opposing legislation that the manufacturers did not favor was described to the senate lobby committee today by Martin M. Mulhall. Mulhall testified he had no personal knowledge of the existence of such a fund, but declared a collector for the organization had recently given those figures to the New York World.

"I often have thought and have suggested," said Mulhall, "that the council ought to be investigated by the Postoffice department. If it were investigated, I feel that the gentlemen who run it will have a hard time accounting for the money collected."
The committee did not question Mulhall further on the subject.

Mulhall swore that money had been paid to him from the fund for political purposes, but did not explain what the purposes were.

Wanted to Control Board.
Mulhall brought the story of his lobbying activities for the National Association of Manufacturers up to 1908 before the senate committee today and testified about the work of the association in promoting a tariff commission.

"The association wanted Miles and Schwedtmann on it and wanted to control it themselves," Mulhall said. He did not explain who Miles was. Schwedtmann was secretary to President Van Cleve of the association.

James Emery, counsel for the manufacturers, wrote Mulhall on January 16, 1908:

"Doubtless you know we had a tussle on the floor of the house last Saturday, where an attempt was made by the democrats under cover of an amendment to a conspiracy provision of the revised statute to enact some of the worst features of the extreme labor legislation now before the judiciary committee. Our friends stood firm and the attempt to make campaign thunder was squelched in the most admirable way and very happily, a democrat, Swager Sherley of Kentucky, took the chief part in the defense of the law and against the proposed amendment."

Watson Controls Machine.
Another letter from Mulhall, written at Indianapolis on June 17, 1908, to Schwedtmann at St. Louis, reported how "Mr. Watson had a large majority of the machine under his control."

"The convention of the miners will be held here on the 21st," it continued. "They certainly expect Gomper, Duncan and others. Three of the district presidents from the anthracite district are my personal friends. I feel I might be able to do good work through those gentlemen and it is too bad we are short of funds when the convention is coming with the opportunities for use."

Hemenway and Cannon.
Mulhall said he met Van Cleve and Schwedtmann on the train passing through Indianapolis on January 19, 1908, and that of the Watson campaign and spoke about \$100,000 being needed.

On January 19 Mulhall wrote Schwedtmann: "Mr. Watson Friday told me that if there was any danger of any class legislation being brought up while he was absent from Washington to have Mr. Emery see Senator Hemenway. He also told me to write Emery and say that Speaker Cannon would receive him at any time and he could talk freely and fully to the speaker and that everything would be all right."

In January, 1908, Mulhall received a letter from former Senator Foraker suggesting that he visit Cincinnati "for a short interval." He testified that he made a written report to Foraker show-

(Continued on Page Two.)

Concentrated Newspaper Publicity

During a recent national convention of advertising men in Baltimore, one advertising manager of wide experience dwelt with much emphasis upon the value of concentrated newspaper publicity.

He made a vivid impression. He said that the newspapers constituted the only real medium through which a manufacturer could create a demand for his products in a particular locality.

Only the newspapers can build up business locally, because advertising in local newspapers creates demand. There is a vast difference between creating desire for a product and creating actual demand. Demand means sales over the counter.

If you are a manufacturer and have a worthy article to sell and seek to create a demand for it, write to the Bureau of Advertising, American Newspaper Publishers Association, World Building, New York.

The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Thursday:
For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity.
Fair and slightly cooler Thursday.
Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.

Hours.	Deg.
5 a. m.	50
6 a. m.	51
7 a. m.	52
8 a. m.	53
9 a. m.	55
10 a. m.	57
11 a. m.	59
12 m.	60
1 p. m.	61
2 p. m.	62
3 p. m.	63
4 p. m.	64
5 p. m.	65
6 p. m.	66
7 p. m.	67
8 p. m.	68